

**EMERITA RESOURCES CORP.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the three months ended December 31, 2022 and 2021**  
*(in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted)*

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**Date: February 24, 2023**

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("**MD&A**") provides a discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of the operations of Emerita Resources Corp. (individually or collectively with its subsidiaries, as applicable, "**Emerita**" or the "**Company**"), to enable a reader to assess material changes in the financial condition and results of operations as at and for the three months ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. All amounts included in the MD&A are expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise specified.

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("**IFRS**") as published by the International Accounting Standards Board. Please refer to Note 3 of the annual audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 for disclosure of the Company's significant accounting policies.

Additional information about the Company may be found on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

The scientific and technical contents of this MD&A have been reviewed and approved by Mr. Joaquin Merino-Marquez, P.Geo., President of the Company and a Qualified Person under National Instrument 43-101 ("**NI 43-101**"). As the President of the Company, Mr. Merino-Marquez is not considered independent.

The audit committee of the Company has reviewed this MD&A and the consolidated financial statements for the three months ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the Company's Board of Directors approved these documents prior to their release.

### **Overview and Strategy**

Emerita is a publicly traded Canadian exploration and development company listed on the TSX Venture Exchange ("**TSXV**") and OTCQB Venture Market. The Company is engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties with a primary focus on exploring in Spain. Exploration is conducted through the Company's wholly owned Spanish subsidiary, Emerita Resources Espana S.L. ("**Emerita Espana**").

The Company currently has four exploration properties in Spain, which are described in detail below under the sections entitled, "Mineral Exploration Properties – Spain". Presently the primary focus of the Company's activities is on its projects in the Iberian Pyrite Belt in southern Spain. The Company continues to review project submissions and data from various sources with a view to identifying opportunities that could create value for its shareholders.

### **Summary of Properties and Projects**

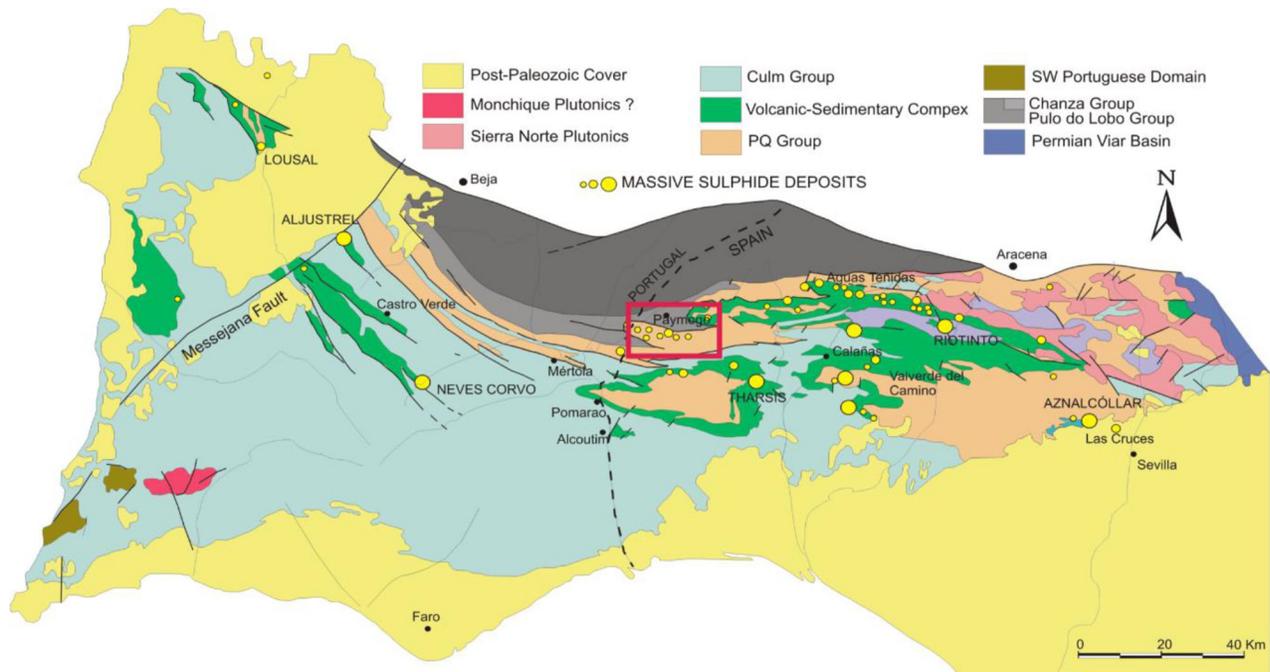
#### **Mineral Exploration Properties – Spain**

The Company has interests in four exploration properties; (i) Iberia Belt West, located in Huelva Province in southwestern Spain; (ii) Nuevo Tintillo located in Seville Province adjacent to the past producing Aznalcollar Mine property and presently producing Rio Tinto Mine; (iii) Sierra Alta, located in the Asturias region in northwestern Spain, and (iv) Plaza Norte, located in the Reocin mining camp in Cantabria, northern Spain. Each of the properties is comprised of exploration permits that were issued by the Andalusian, Asturian, and Cantabrian authorities, respectively.

***Iberia Belt West ("the IBW Project")***

On September 1, 2020, Emerita was officially notified through a resolution that it was the winning bidder of the IBW mineral rights in Huelva. The Tender resolution has been issued by the Provincial Secretary of the Regional Ministry of Industry in Huelva. The resolution declares that Emerita España is the winning bidder of the tender. Emerita España is registered on the Junta de Andalusia official website as the owner of the mineral rights to the IBW Project.

The IBW Project is hosted within the renowned Iberian Pyrite Belt, one of the most productive volcanogenic massive sulfide (VMS) terranes in the world. The IBW Project encompasses three polymetallic deposits. From east to west: La Infanta, El Cura, and Romanera. The area has a long history of mining activity that dates back as far as Roman times. Previous exploration of the deposits was conducted by major companies including Asturiana, RTZ and Phelps Dodge in the 1970's and 1980's. The IBW Project is located in the western part of the belt, adjacent to the border with Portugal, approximately 170km west of Seville and 50km from the port city of Huelva. The Project extends along a strike length of approximately 12km. Access to the IBW Project is excellent via paved and all-weather gravel roads.



The Romanera deposit was drilled primarily by Minera Rio Tinto in the 1990's and is reported to contain 34 million tonnes grading 0.42% copper, 2.20% lead, 2.3% zinc, 44.4g/t silver and 0.8g/t gold, within which there is a higher-grade resource of 11.21 million tonnes grading 0.40% copper, 2.47% lead, 5.50% zinc, 64.0 g/t silver and 1.0 g/t gold (The Volcanic Hosted Massive Sulphide Deposits of the Iberian Pyrite Belt, Garcia-Cortes ed., 2011). A qualified person, as defined by NI 43-101, has not done sufficient work on behalf of Emerita to classify the historical estimate reported above as current mineral resources or mineral reserves, and Emerita is not treating the historical estimate as such. The historical estimate should not be relied upon. The deposit extends from surface to approximately 350 metres depth on historical drilling. The mineralization remains open for further expansion down dip beyond the limits of the existing drilling.

The La Infanta mineralized zone has been drilled from surface where it outcrops to a depth of approximately 100 metres. Numerous high-grade intercepts occur within the zone, and it remains open for expansion at shallow depths. La Infanta is located approximately 8km to the east of the Romanera deposit.

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The Company has completed the compilation of a comprehensive digital database from the historical work which was well preserved in hard copy. For the Romanera and Infanta deposits at the IBW Project there were 51 and 48 historical drill holes available, respectively, including survey data and assays. A complete list of the drill hole results for both the Infanta and Romanera deposits can be found in the Company's press releases dated September 9, 2020 and October 15, 2020, respectively.

With the digital databases in place, three-dimensional models of the mineralized zones were developed and used for target generation in the ongoing diamond drill program.

The three selected areas are aligned along an approximate east-west direction and are separated from each other by approximately 4km. The three mineralized zones occur within a discrete rhyolitic to dacitic unit. It is possible that there are other non-outcropping lenses besides those already known.

The Company has outlined the mineralized zone related to the Infanta deposit for at least 1,200 meters along strike and has confirmed the extent of the high-grade zone identified by previous drilling. Drilling continues on the Infanta deposit with one drill. The Company is engaged in a diamond drill program focused primarily on the Romanera deposit, which is the largest deposit on the Property based on historical work. Emerita is fully financed to complete this program. Currently, fourteen drills are active on that program with a target of completing the delineation in Q1 - 2023.

**IBW Project- Outlook**

The initial drill program at Infanta has been designed to test the full 1.2 km strike length of the mineralization and test the depth extent to approximately 400 meters down dip. There are 48 historical holes drilled delineating the deposit to date, and the program will move from the known mineralization and step out systematically along strike and down dip to establish a NI 43-101 compliant resource estimate for the deposit. The Company has completed protocols with respect to safe work practices relating to managing the present pandemic situation as an important part of project implementation.

On February 4, 2021, the Company received approval of the restoration plan for the planned drill program. Historical drilling on this zone intersected very high-grade mineralization and drilling only extended to approximately 110 metres depth. The mineralized zone at Infanta remains open down dip and along strike.

On July 14, 2021 the Company initiated the first drill campaign in La Infanta. The drill program was aimed to test the historical results and extend the mineralized lenses along strike and at depth. In order to expedite the drill program at La Infanta, the Company added a second drill rig on July 20, 2021. The first results were announced on August 13 and August 20, 2021, as presented in the following table. The drilling to date indicates good correlation with the historical drilling in grades and widths.

On August 13 and August 20, 2021, the Company announced initial La Infanta drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
IN001	172	-50.00	113.2	24.3	28.3	4.0	0.1	1.7	3.4	0.05	11.5
IN001				32.3	35.1	2.8	0.0	3.8	7.5	0.04	12.9
IN004	172	-50.00	162.4	62.6	70.0	7.5	1.7	6.0	11.5	0.49	90.1
incl.				64.6	67.2	2.7	3.8	15.3	28.8	1.08	206.4
IN003	172	-50.00	112.8	86.2	102.4	16.2	1.2	5.1	10	0.42	120
incl.				86.2	91.2	5.0	3.8	15.6	30.5	1.22	372.8

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On September 8, 2021, the Company announced La Infanta drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
IN002	172	-50	54.6	31.5	34.5	3.0	0.6	2.4	4.1	0.22	40.3
IN005	172	-50	92.5	57.4	60.0	2.6	2.3	13.8	22.3	0.21	98.2
IN006	172	-50	84.6	49.3	52.5	3.2	2.2	7.9	9.1	0.44	150.8
IN007	172	-50	63	26.1	29.4	3.3	1.7	4.2	7.9	0.36	110.2
incl.	172	-50	63	33.4	35.4	2.0	0.6	1.4	2.9	0.05	27.5
IN008	172	-50	126.6	64.5	75.6	11.1	3.6	15.1	27.8	0.80	319.3

On October 4, 2021, the Company announced La Infanta drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
IN009	172	-50	170.3	104.2	114.7	10.5	0.9	1.9	3.4	0.36	55.3
incl.				104.2	108.4	4.1	0.8	3.1	5.5	0.56	104.0
incl.				110.3	111.2	0.9	4.4	0.3	0.7	0.76	72.0
IN010	172	-50	128.7	99.2	103.7	4.5	2.4	11.2	21.1	0.54	153.2
IN011	172	-50	57.2	25.8	32.8	7.1	0.3	1.6	3.2	0.23	32.8
incl.				26.8	27.6	0.8	1.2	3.8	7.3	0.70	90.0
incl.				30.2	30.8	0.6	1.9	9.4	17.4	0.46	188.0
IN012	172	-50	155.1	93.8	94.6	0.8	0.9	3.6	6.5	0.46	110.0
				127.6	128.4	0.8	0.2	6.2	6.6	0.11	48.0
IN013	172	-50	189.3	135.6	137.8	2.2	2.6	4.6	7.1	0.28	196.2
				139.5	141.2	1.7	1.0	4.3	7.4	0.31	95.0

On October 22, 2021, the Company announced La Infanta drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
IN014	172	-52	108.5	84.7	90.4	5.7	2.4	7.3	13.4	0.60	225.0
IN015	172	-52	56.2	26.1	30.1	4.0	0.5	2.2	4.3	0.30	50.5
incl.				27.1	29.1	2.0	0.9	4.3	8.1	0.40	87.0
IN016	172	-50	103.8	65.8	70.3	4.5	1.3	3.5	6.7	0.40	172.3
IN018	171	-50	122	59.4	67.6	8.2	2.5	8.7	17.3	0.50	223.5
incl.				62.7	67.6	4.9	3.6	12.7	25.9	0.70	331.9

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On November 12, 2021, the Company announced La Infanta drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
IN017	174	-49	153.45	92.55	103.85	11.3	0.5	2.5	4.9	0.29	53.9
incl.				100.75	102.85	2.1	1.3	7.9	14.6	0.59	171.5
IN017				136.75	137.75	1.0	0.2	1.3	2.4	0.18	22.0
IN021	173	-49	174.20	70.80	77.95	7.2	0.5	1.9	4.0	0.10	21.9
IN021				79.95	83.30	3.3	0.4	1.5	2.4	0.34	75.7
IN021				151.70	157.20	5.5	0.8	2.8	5.7	0.28	62.5
IN023	173	-53	138.40	72.40	77.55	5.1	1.4	4.4	8.6	0.52	124.1
IN023				125.00	132.90	7.9	0.1	1.8	2.2	0.05	13.5

On January 28, 2022, the Company announced La Infanta drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
IN019	172	-50	104.10	72.90	74.50	1.6	0.6	3.4	2.0	0.16	48.0
IN019				79.10	80.50	1.4	1.5	24.0	7.2	0.56	123.0
IN020	174	-50	126.70	29.75	31.80	2.1	0.5	2.4	4.5	0.13	29.9
IN020				100.90	103.90	3.0	0.2	1.1	1.9	0.34	40.3
IN022	172	-54	117.40	81.00	84.50	3.5	0.3	1.1	2.0	0.65	42.4
IN024	172	-49	209	96.90	100.70	3.8	0.2	3.9	5.5	0.16	14.0
incl.				96.90	98.10	1.2	0.4	8.5	7.5	0.19	28.0
IN024				175.80	179.30	3.5	1.0	2.2	3.8	0.22	76.4
IN025	174	-52	159.3	79.80	85.00	5.2	0.3	1.8	3.5	0.56	85.9
incl.				79.80	81.30	1.5	0.9	4.5	8.0	0.57	95.0
IN025				140.30	146.10	5.8	0.3	0.9	1.7	0.21	38.6
incl.				141.30	142.10	0.8	1.1	2.3	4.9	0.66	192.0
IN026	176	-41	156.8	139.80	142.00	2.2	0.2	0.8	1.2	0.24	22.7
IN027	175	-47	245.7	141.50	145.90	4.4	1.6	3.5	7.0	0.26	181.8
incl.				144.20	145.90	1.7	3.6	8.0	16.2	0.12	433.4
IN028	172	-52	203.2	109.70	111.50	1.8	0.3	1.3	2.0	0.23	26.5
IN028				165.00	168.60	3.6	0.5	3.0	3.7	0.17	22.3
incl.				165.00	167.60	2.6	0.6	3.9	4.6	0.18	29.3
IN029	175	-52	343.1	146.85	149.35	2.5	0.3	1.2	2.2	0.39	16.0
IN030	180	-47	302.10	40.4	41.4	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.62	9.0
IN031	171	-50	177	81.8	90.0	8.2	0.4	1.0	1.7	0.18	17.8
incl.				81.8	83.3	1.5	1.2	3.6	6.6	0.20	78.3
IN031				140.1	141.1	1.0	0.5	1.0	0.8	0.21	66.0

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On April 22, 2022, the Company announced La Infanta drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
IN032	170	-63	257.8	259.8	2.0	1.0	4.0	5.6	0.61	150.0
IN033	174	-52	197.1	200.1	3.0	0.2	1.1	3.0	0.17	14.3
IN034	172	-50	193.5	195.5	2.1	0.3	1.2	1.4	1.09	161.6
IN035	205	-65	71.9	77.4	5.5	1.2	3.3	5.9	0.41	93.9
IN036	177	-49	180.6	181.4	0.8	1.0	0.6	0.3	3.05	18.0
IN037	171	-52	162.5	164.5	2.0	1.3	0.1	0.2	0.14	239.5
IN038	172	-46	104.3	105.8	1.5	1.2	4.5	7.1	0.44	145.3
IN040	173	-66	309.7	311.2	1.5	0.1	6.4	9.4	0.09	25.0
IN041	179	-46	405.9	408.9	3.0	0.7	2.7	5.6	0.04	28.3
IN043	175	-48	120.6	121.9	1.4	2.6	11.7	21.6	0.16	304.4

On August 4, 2022, the Company announced La Infanta drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
IN039	176	-62	378.5	375.0	378.5	3.5	0.9	5.2	3.0	0.46	184.3
incl.				376.0	377.2	1.2	2.6	14.5	8.7	1.31	526.0
IN042	171	-50	141.5	117.5	119.5	2.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.54	67.0
incl.				117.5	118.5	1.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	2.33	112.0
IN045	177	-51	351.9	262.2	271.3	9.1	0.5	1.6	2.8	0.42	62.4
incl.				266.2	267.2	0.9	2.7	5.6	10.7	1.31	400.0
incl.				270.5	271.3	0.8	0.6	6.5	11.1	0.10	13.0
IN046	181	-48	373.5	136.4	137.7	1.3	0.1	0.9	1.7	0.09	16.5
IN046				206.7	213.2	6.5	0.1	1.7	2.1	0.14	17.2
incl.				208.7	209.7	1.0	0.2	4.1	3.3	0.24	39.0
IN047	180	-61	423.6	397.0	398.9	1.9	0.1	0.7	0.5	1.60	67.9
IN047				406.9	408.8	1.9	0.1	1.5	3.3	0.18	3.5
IN048	174	-49	279.5	154.2	156.2	2.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.0	2.5
IN049	177	-56	351.4	296.9	297.4	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	10.0
IN050	173	-50	188.3	81.2	84.0	2.8	0.2	1.1	2.4	0.3	19.1
IN051	179	-47	500.9	455.4	456.9	1.5	0.2	1.0	2.8	0.2	11.7
IN052	173	-49	142.4	62.8	69.0	6.2	2.1	8.3	14.3	0.63	198.3
incl.				66.2	68.2	2.0	2.9	12.5	22.2	0.60	300.5
IN053	176	-46	204.8	104.3	110.6	6.3	0.7	2.2	4.5	0.18	84.6
IN054	172	-49	248.5	220.2	223.4	3.2	1.9	9.2	17.1	0.55	226.3
incl.				222.0	223.4	1.3	3.9	20.0	36.8	0.53	401.4
IN056	168	-50	249.5	152.4	154.0	1.6	0.1	6.5	8.9	0.11	20.6
IN057	175	-62	316.0	289.9	302.7	12.8	0.2	0.8	1.4	0.23	23.2
incl.				291.9	294.0	2.1	0.6	1.6	2.9	0.56	73.8
IN059	171	-64	213.7	81.4	82.1	0.7	0.1	1.4	2.9	0.09	8.9

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On September 8, 2022, the Company announced La Infanta drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
IN060	172	-50	166	96.3	97.9	1.6	1.7	3.5	7.3	0.95	71.3
IN061	172	-50	237.1	120.5	122.5	2.1	0.4	1.5	2.2	0.35	40.2
IN061				191.7	196.0	4.3	0.9	1.8	5.4	0.18	55.4

In Spain, there are different classifications of land with respect to environmental sensitivity as it pertains to exploration and development. The portion of the IBW Project that hosts the Infanta deposit falls within the classification where there are minimal environmental restrictions for exploration and activities. The Company has been provided with a copy of a letter from the Environment Department to the Mines Department confirming this is the case and as such there was no requirement for an environmental study for this area of the Project for the purposes of mineral exploration. In order to commence drilling, the Mines Department's regulations require that the reclamation plan filed by the Company for the diamond drill program be published for 30 working days on the government website for comment. The 30-day consultation period was completed in April 2021 and the Company proceeded with the planned diamond drill program.

The El Cura and Romanera areas of the property fall within a more restrictive category of environmental classification in terms of environmental protection to permit a drill program. Both areas require the Autorizacion Ambiental Unificada ("AAU") which was completed with the assistance of FRASA Ingenieros Consultores. The Company completed all studies required by the process including archaeological, flora and fauna studies and has documented support from the two municipalities, Puebla de Guzman and Paymogo, that encompass the project included in the filing documents.

On May 6, 2022, the Andalusian Environment Department in Huelva Province issued and published the Autorizacion Ambiental Unificada -AAU- (environmental authorization) in the official gazette approving the Company's diamond drill plan for the El Cura and Romanera areas which correspond to the west side of the Iberia Belt West. Once issued, the permits are valid for the duration of the license.

On May 10, 2022 the Company initiated the first drill campaign in Romanera.

The drilling campaign initiated at Romanera will cover the area known from the historical drilling and the area around it. The target zone is 1,000 m along strike by at least 400 m deep and the objective is the delineation of the deposit, including potential expansions at depth and along strike. The drilling pattern will be modified according to the results obtained. In order to complete the program, the Company employed as many as 14 drill rigs, for which the services of 6 drilling companies are contracted.

On June 23, 2022, the Company announced La Romanera drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
LR002	224	-54	160.3	134.2	148.5	14.3	0.4	2.9	3.0	7.61	311.1
incl.				136.2	144.0	7.8	0.6	2.7	0.7	9.74	372.9
incl.				144.0	148.5	4.6	0.2	3.8	8.0	4.56	235.9

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On July 7, 2022, the Company announced La Romanera drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
LR001	214.38	-40	530.6	452.7	461.0	8.3	0.3	0.9	0.2	0.54	140.7
LR001				493.8	502.3	8.6	0.3	0.7	1.2	1.11	43.1
LR003	183.69	-70	231.7	126.1	139.5	13.4	0.3	1.8	3.5	1.68	89.8
incl.				129.2	134.2	5.0	0.3	2.2	5.1	2.64	86.6
LR003				174.8	214.7	39.9	0.5	3.0	6.2	2.13	83.1
incl.				174.8	179.1	4.3	0.3	1.2	1.2	4.00	126.9
LR004	191.13	-38	351.6	244.3	255.3	11.0	0.4	1.6	4.5	2.19	42.0
incl.				247.6	250.2	2.6	0.2	4.1	8.9	4.32	70.4
LR004				280.5	304.7	24.3	0.5	3.2	8.2	2.77	65.9
incl.				287.9	293.9	6.0	0.6	3.6	11.5	2.46	59.3

On August 7, 2022, the Company announced La Romanera drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
LR005	224	-66	224.4	117.7	124.7	7.0	0.2	3.9	4.4	2.44	143.1
LR005				168.5	185.4	16.9	0.4	1.0	2.2	2.90	145.2
incl.				173.0	177.0	4.0	0.3	1.5	1.4	4.45	178.8
LR007	188	-57	673.4	547.0	554.0	7.0	0.8	0.7	2.9	0.15	14.7
incl.				547.0	548.0	1.0	3.7	0.2	1.3	0.30	15.5
incl.				551.5	554.0	2.5	0.6	1.5	6.9	0.24	30.5

On September 8, 2022, the Company announced La Romanera drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
LR009	204	-57	624.8	560.7	567.4	6.7	0.3	1.4	4.2	0.84	102.4
incl.				566.2	567.4	1.2	0.2	3.8	6.3	2.54	150.8
LR009				581.3	597.8	16.5	0.2	3.1	3.6	2.29	254.7
incl.				581.3	584.0	2.7	0.5	5.1	0.4	6.02	776.2
incl.				590.7	593.0	2.4	0.1	4.2	10.5	1.01	140.4
LR013	206	-68	313.3	223.0	227.2	4.2	0.1	1.5	1.1	0.94	43.5
incl.				223.9	225.2	1.3	0.1	4.1	3.3	2.72	98.0
LR013				267.0	287.6	20.6	0.9	0.5	0.8	0.53	46.9
incl.				268.0	270.0	2.0	0.3	2.0	2.9	2.41	125.0
incl.				285.6	287.6	2.1	2.6	0.2	1.1	0.27	27.0
LR015	208	-73	244.8	249.4	250.4	1.0	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.92	8.0
LR015				267.4	268.5	1.1	2.2	0.0	0.1	0.19	6.3

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On September 15, 2022, the Company announced La Romanera drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
LR012	210	-67	405.2	332.2	348.8	16.6	0.3	1.4	1.7	2.31	96.8
incl.				332.2	334.4	2.1	0.8	6.6	9.4	4.47	396.7
LR012				389.6	396.1	6.5	0.3	0.1	0.1	1.66	65.0
LR014	198	-61	643	595.1	610.2	15.1	0.3	1.3	6.6	0.13	61.1
LR014				610.7	616.8	6.1	0.3	2.1	10.1	0.68	98.4
LR017	190	-65	653	612.7	614.9	2.2	0.3	3.5	8.3	0.13	27.5
LR017				617.6	619.3	1.8	6.4	0.2	1.0	0.06	18.7

On September 30, 2022, the Company announced La Romanera drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
LR019	203	-47	384.6	302.0	333.0	31.0	0.2	0.5	0.6	1.70	37.4
incl.				317.2	326.8	9.7	0.3	0.5	0.7	3.37	32.1
LR019				345.7	372.5	26.8	2.6	0.5	1.1	0.28	28.6
incl.				357.0	371.0	14.0	4.3	0.8	1.7	0.33	41.7
LR023	190	-54	348.5	281.7	294.3	12.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	1.07	22.3
LR023				317.7	322.9	5.3	0.9	1.2	1.9	0.98	65.7

On October 13, 2022, the Company announced La Romanera drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
LR018	174	-57	494	462.3	462.9	0.6	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.06	3.0
LR018				481.0	483.6	2.6	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.21	4.8
LR020	181	-60	354.1	281.7	298.2	16.6	0.3	0.5	0.9	1.24	58.6
incl.				286.5	288.6	2.1	0.1	0.6	2.5	2.40	105.6
LR024	182	-52	369.5	285.2	295.8	10.7	0.9	3.8	6.6	1.21	129.7
LR024				318.2	348.2	30.0	0.5	0.6	0.5	3.03	67.6
incl.				319.8	327.3	7.5	0.3	0.9	0.1	7.24	41.6
LR028	202	-57	341.4	299.3	303.7	4.4	0.3	2.0	7.3	1.06	94.9
LR028				315.8	318.6	2.8	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.32	6.9

On November 3, 2022, the Company announced La Romanera drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
LR006B	209	-55	537.3	472.7	473.2	0.5	0.4	1.4	2.2	1.28	92.0
LR006B				478.7	519.4	40.7	0.3	0.7	0.5	1.64	32.3
incl.				497.8	502.5	4.8	0.2	1.3	1.8	4.23	64.2
incl.				516.4	518.7	2.3	0.5	0.4	0.1	8.23	51.4
LR025	177	-56	207.5	184.2	195.4	11.2	0.4	1.5	4.2	0.79	60.8
incl.				184.2	187.0	2.8	0.3	3.8	12.2	1.72	131.9
LR026	197	-56	489.8	456.9	473.2	16.3	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.65	16.0
incl.				456.9	459.7	2.8	0.6	0.2	0.0	1.97	38.6
LR030	181	-65	384.5	325.4	330.7	5.3	0.1	0.6	10.2	0.44	54.5
LR030				356.8	363.1	6.3	1.1	0.4	0.7	1.13	21.4
LR032	182	-58	391.1	360.3	367.9	7.5	0.2	0.7	1.0	1.82	43.8
incl.				361.2	364.1	2.9	0.3	0.8	0.9	3.51	65.9
LR033	204	-64	359.7	326.2	328.8	2.6	0.4	1.2	1.0	0.97	65.7

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On December 7, 2022, the Company announced La Romanera drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
LR034	224	-50	212.3	142.1	147.9	5.8	0.1	1.3	3.2	1.34	51.4
incl.				145.1	147.9	2.8	0.1	2.3	5.9	2.51	79.5
LR035	204	-65	231.65	186.4	207.4	21.1	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.41	14.0
incl.				191.2	193.2	2.0	0.4	0.9	2.2	2.06	27.5
LR038	182	-70	397	340.6	360.3	19.7	0.2	1.7	10.9	0.58	74.6
incl.				349.4	356.3	6.9	0.2	1.9	18.2	0.88	68.3
LR038				362.3	371.2	8.8	0.8	1.8	9.9	0.10	66.4
incl.				367.3	370.5	3.2	1.8	1.4	9.9	0.10	111.4

On December 20, 2022, the Company announced La Romanera drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
LR016	181	-74	337	260.7	264.5	3.8	0.2	3.2	0.6	1.08	123.7
LR016				288.0	328.2	40.2	0.3	1.5	4.3	1.36	75.5
incl.				288.0	295.0	7.0	0.3	2.6	5.9	2.78	110.5
LR040	200	-53	512.55	485.4	506.0	20.6	0.3	1.0	0.6	1.54	62.3
LR044	196	-53	356.4	288.3	292.7	4.4	0.7	6.1	9.2	2.14	207.3
LR046	196	-60	386	308.2	315.7	7.5	0.7	0.5	0.4	2.24	132.0
LR046				319.4	341.6	22.2	1.0	0.1	0.0	0.45	72.0
LR046				359.8	362.0	2.2	1.4	0.5	1.6	0.82	37.9
LR047	198	-59	360.45	307.0	338.5	31.6	0.2	0.7	3.9	0.39	46.0
LR052	198	-65	412.7	360.2	366.5	6.3	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.51	28.6
LR052				374.6	378.8	4.2	0.9	0.1	0.0	0.32	8.5
LR057	199	-65	371.95	301.4	327.4	26.0	0.3	2.2	0.4	1.71	204.8
incl.				319.0	326.6	7.6	0.2	4.7	1.0	1.84	277.1
LR057				328.8	353.8	25.1	0.3	1.5	6.0	0.74	82.0
incl.				343.9	350.5	6.6	0.3	2.6	9.7	0.89	125.1

On January 20, 2023, the Company announced La Romanera drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_%	Pb_%	Zn_%	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
LR037	182	-64	432.9	355.7	369.3	13.6	1.4	0.2	0.0	0.29	21.8
incl.				358.2	361.9	3.7	3.5	0.3	0.0	0.45	47.4
LR037				374.7	384.0	9.3	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.72	97.9
incl.				376.7	379.8	3.1	0.9	0.6	0.1	0.64	223.0
LR043	224	-59	257.3	160.2	167.7	7.5	0.1	0.9	3.3	0.89	31.9
incl.				160.8	163.4	2.7	0.2	2.1	8.4	1.87	78.9
LR045	203	-60	423.8	380.4	412.2	31.8	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.51	32.5
incl.				397.5	412.2	14.6	0.4	0.7	0.1	0.94	66.4
LR054	180	-69	312.7	245.9	278.1	32.2	0.6	0.5	2.3	0.53	30.4
incl.				245.9	255.4	9.5	0.1	1.4	6.8	1.48	75.7
LR071	198	-71	325.9	182.7	195.5	12.8	0.3	1.9	5.2	1.45	99.1
LR071				195.5	208.5	13.0	0.3	0.5	1.6	0.53	44.9
LR074	184	-50	467.2				NO SIGNIFICANT INTERSECTS				
LR084	184	-62	512.6	477.7	483.5	5.8	0.2	1.9	3.6	1.00	112.3
LR091	164	-64	384.2	327.0	334.4	7.4	0.4	1.9	8.5	1.29	153.3
LR091				364.1	366.9	2.8	0.2	0.8	3.2	0.76	43.0
LR098	164	-60	394.4	296.0	303.3	7.3	0.1	1.0	5.9	0.38	55.9
LR098				333.8	338.7	4.9	0.1	1.1	2.6	1.55	34.0
LR098				348.0	354.0	6.0	0.5	2.3	6.8	0.53	83.1

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On February 2, 2023, the Company announced La Romanera drill results as follows:

DDH	azimuth	dip	depth (m)	FROM	TO	Width (m)	Cu_ %	Pb_ %	Zn_ %	Au_g/t	Ag_g/t
LR036B	204	-69	386.2	337.3	340.3	3.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	1.15	14.8
LR042B	207	-69	413.3	352.6	360.6	8.0	0.2	2.8	4.5	1.30	72.4
incl.				354.1	357.9	3.8	0.2	5.8	8.7	2.51	139.3
LR042B				389.8	394.7	4.9	0.4	0.5	1.5	0.12	7.3
LR049	217	-79	312.3	286.8	289.5	2.8	0.4	0.6	1.2	0.54	24.0
LR049				296.2	299.6	3.5	0.1	1.2	2.1	1.08	51.6
LR051	201	-65	524.0	488.9	506.8	18.0	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.44	21.4
incl.				503.4	505.7	2.3	0.4	1.9	2.2	1.00	72.1
LR053	201	-56	533.0	473.7	510.2	36.5	0.3	0.6	0.5	0.47	36.3
LR058	210	-73	419.6	374.6	379.3	4.7	0.1	0.6	1.3	0.36	33.5
LR064	198	-55	559.5	507.2	531.5	24.3	0.2	2.0	5.1	1.16	100.5
incl.				507.2	514.3	7.1	0.2	3.1	12.4	0.80	67.7
LR065	237	-64	586.1				NO SIGNIFICANT INTERSECTS				
LR066	221	-61	364.9	346.0	349.8	3.8	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.53	18.4
LR077	184	-68	378.7				NO SIGNIFICANT INTERSECTS				
LR082	191	-52	514.0	445.3	456.5	11.2	1.6	0.1	0.0	0.58	18.3
LR082				461.5	466.0	4.5	2.3	0.1	0.0	0.56	45.3
LR082				474.0	478.2	4.2	0.1	2.8	4.1	1.42	76.3
LR086	191	-76	233.4	203.8	222.2	18.5	0.4	1.1	2.5	0.57	28.4

The Company has currently completed 125 drill holes at La Romanera, with another 7 in progress. At La Infanta, 85 drill holes have been completed to date and 4 holes are in progress. The Company is planning to complete the maiden NI 43-101 Technical Report and Mineral Resource estimate for IBW during Q2-2023, having awarded the contract to complete the independent estimate to Wardell Armstrong International. The Company expects to complete the databases for both La Romanera and La Infanta deposits for this estimate in mid-March 2023 so the resource modeling can proceed. The Company plans to complete approximately 50 more holes by that time, and it is expected that both deposits will remain open for further expansion.

***Nuevo Tintillo Property – Description***

The Company applied for the group of concessions of El Tintillo on September 12, 2014. The definitive admission of the application was announced on June 8, 2021, which constituted the awarding of the concessions to the Company. The awarding was published in the BOJA, Regional Gazette of Andalusia Region, and in the BOE, the National Spanish Gazette, most recently on August 17, 2021. Emerita España is registered on the Junta de Andalusia official website as the owner of the mineral rights to the Nuevo Tintillo Project. On June 20, 2022, the Company received a final granted resolution, extending the exploration permit until June 20, 2025.

The Nuevo Tintillo project, located in Seville province, covers approximately 25km of important stratigraphy in the western part of the Iberian Pyrite Belt. The project is easily accessible by road from Seville for approximately 40km. The giant Rio Tinto mine occurs along strike to the northwest, as does the Aguas Tendias mine and the Aznacollar Project and the Cobre Las Cruces Mine of First Quantum occur to the southeast of the Nuevo Tintillo property. There are seven known mineral occurrences and small past producers within the Nuevo Tintillo project area, and the area has not been explored systematically in decades.

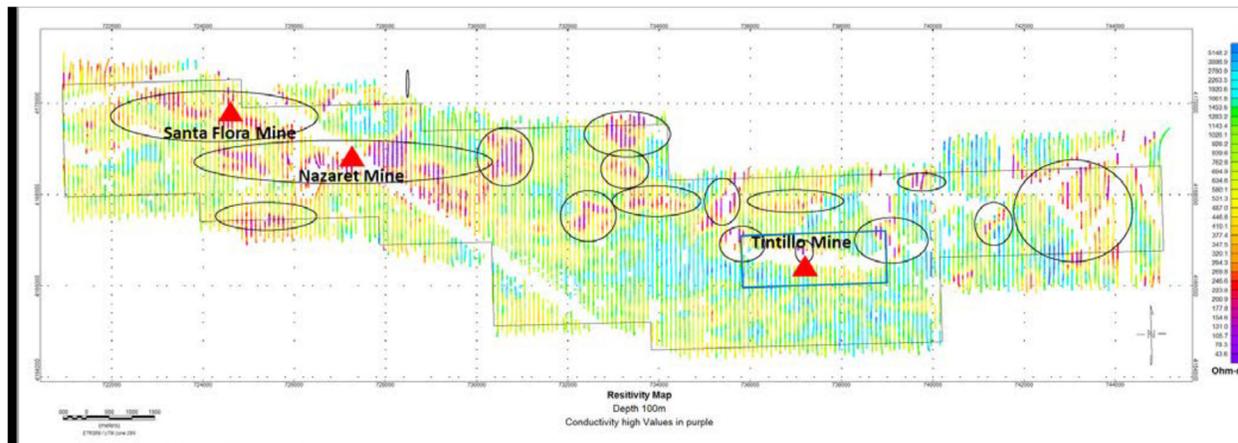
In July 2022, the Company completed high-resolution airborne geophysical surveys, constituting the first mineral exploration activity in the area since the late 1980's.

In total, 15 target areas characterized by strong conductors have been prioritized within the Nuevo Tintillo property. On the west side of the project, the strongest conductors are coincident with the location of the past-producing Santa Flora and Nazaret mines areas. The mineralization is characterised by strong

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conductors, in the order of 50-80 ohm-m, and a dip to the North, very similar to what has been observed in the Tintillo deposit on the east side of the survey area.



On the west side, the extensive, strong conductors occur in the area of the small, past producing Santa Flora and Nazaret mines. These mines date to the early part of the last century before any modern exploration technology existed, yet this underexplored area is within sight of the giant Rio Tinto deposit further west. Further details of the airborne survey can be found in the Company's press release dated July 20, 2022.

On February 16, 2023, the Company submitted applications to expand the highly prospective Nuevo Tintillo property package in the Andalusia Region of Spain. The applications have been accepted by local authorities and posted to the government web site. Recent field mapping and sampling programs by Emerita geologists have confirmed Emerita's interpretation of the Nuevo Tintillo regional geologic environment and its stratigraphic similarity to adjacent properties hosting large base metal deposits. The additional land package under application is on trend with many of the recently identified target areas on the existing Nuevo Tintillo property and more than doubles the size of Emerita's mineral rights in the eastern part of the Iberian Pyrite Belt. When the land application process is finalized, Emerita's Nuevo Tintillo holdings will be approximately 14,500 hectares, which is an increase from the current 6,875 hectares. Nuevo Tintillo has seen little modern exploration despite its location in one of the oldest known mining districts on earth. Evidence of small-scale artisanal workings exist throughout the Nuevo Tintillo property but there is no record of modern exploration.

### ***Nuevo Tintillo Property – Outlook***

The Company continues with detailed geological mapping, and has initiated complete detailed ground gravity surveys where appropriate to augment the regional gravimetry to search for anomalies of denser bodies in order to help prioritize the conductors. Massive sulphide masses are conductive and dense, and the two properties together with a favourable geology will determine the priority areas for further exploration. The gravity survey is expected to be completed in early Q2-2023 and is centered in the Santa Flora Mine, where conductors anomalies were identified. The spatial analysis of TEM anomalies, gravimetric anomalies, detailed mapping and geochem sampling when appropriate will serve to identify prospective areas. The Company will select drilling targets based on these results, therefore the planned drill testing at Nuevo Tintillo has been moved to Q3-2023.

### ***Sierra Alta Property – Description***

The Sierra Alta property is comprised of one exploration permit which consists of 90 mining claims comprising 2,700 hectares in the "Navelgas Gold Belt" in the Asturias region of northwestern Spain. The

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Company applied for the permit on November 18, 2013 and received notice that the permit for the property had been granted on July 26, 2015. The concession is valid for a three-year term and is renewable for equal and successive periods of three years.

The area is characterized by extensive ancient Roman gold mine workings that align for over 10 kilometres along a NNE-SSW striking structure, of which the two largest historical excavations occur within the property boundary.

On October 19 2022, the extension of the Exploration Permit was granted to the company "Emerita Resources España SLU" until October 19, 2023.

On October 31, 2022, favourable resolutions were obtained from the Department of Mines and Cultural Heritage. The Company also received a favourable resolution authorizing drilling in Sierra Alta which will commence in the 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter of 2023.

***Sierra Alta Property – Exploration***

In July 2016, the Company commenced exploration on the Sierra Alta property. The initial exploration program consisted of detailed geological mapping, bedrock sampling and trenching, where required. The program was designed to identify and evaluate areas with high grade gold mineralization along more than four kilometers of strike length and prioritize the target areas for diamond drilling in a subsequent program. The initial area of focus is characterized by a high density of ancient Roman mining excavations which are distributed along a geological structure that appears to control the distribution of the mineralization.

There are two main gold geochemical anomalies within the Sierra Alta property. The anomaly in the North is approximately 3.0 kilometres long by 300 metres wide, and the one in the South is approximately 1.5 kilometres long by 200 metres wide. Recent exploration has been focused on the Northern anomaly where there is a high concentration of ancient mining excavations.

The Company has signed a binding letter agreement with Western Metallica Corp. ("Western"), a publicly traded company, pursuant to which Western may earn a 55% interest in the Sierra Alta project (the "Sierra Transaction"). Sierra Alta is a legacy project of the Company, and not presently a focus.

To earn its 55% interest, Western shall:

1. Pay \$50,000 in cash to the Company (paid).
2. Issue 786,632 shares of Western to the Company (completed);
3. Spend \$500,000 on mineral exploration of the project prior to December 31, 2022 (completed), and;
4. Enter into a binding joint venture agreement with the Company (in process).

Pursuant to Multilateral Instrument 61-101 – *Protection of Minority Security Holders in Special Transactions* ("MI 61-101"), entering into the letter agreement with Western is a "related party transaction" as Joaquin Merino, Emerita's President and a member of Emerita's board, is a significant shareholder of Western and is Western's Chief Executive Officer. The Company is exempt from the requirements to obtain a formal valuation or minority shareholder approval in connection with the transactions contemplated by the PPA by virtue of sections 5.5(b) and 5.7(e), respectively, of MI 61-101. The letter agreement with Western was considered and unanimously approved by the board of directors of the Company. Mr. Merino abstained from voting on this matter. The alternative for the Company to not pursuing this transaction with Western would be to divest itself of the Sierra Alta project for no consideration.

### ***Plaza Norte Property – Description***

On October 26, 2017, the Company, along with, *inter alia*, its Spanish joint venture partner, was awarded exploration concessions for 120 claims comprising 3,600 hectares in the Santillana Syncline (the "Plaza Norte Project"), through the public tender organized by the government of Cantabria.

The Company participated in the tender process through a joint venture company, CDZ, of which the Company owns a 50% interest. The remaining ownership interest is majority held by the Aldesa Group of Companies ("Aldesa"). Aldesa is a specialized infrastructure construction group with over 40 years experience in the construction industry in Spain and internationally. Emerita and Aldesa formed a joint venture for the purpose of participating in the exploration and development of the Plaza Norte Project.

On January 28, 2022, the Company announced that Aldesa had restructured its business and that ownership of the Plaza Norte Project was no longer a strategic fit for their business. The Company has reviewed the data from the drilling conducted by the joint venture and evaluated the remaining potential. The targets are deep, between 550-750 meters, and the intercepts from the drilling to date are sub-economic at those depths. Therefore, the joint venture partners have agreed to dissolve the joint venture and the project is expected to be sold or relinquished.

The Plaza Norte Project is no longer relevant to the Company, so the Company has not completed exploration work of any kind in the area and does not intend to expend any resources on the property going forward.

### ***Aznalcóllar Tender***

On December 16, 2014, the Company submitted a detailed technical proposal, which was the final requirement for the final stage of the public tender process for the Aznalcóllar Project.

The Aznalcóllar Project is a past producing property within the Iberian Pyrite Belt that hosted the Aznalcóllar and Los Frailes open pit zinc-lead-silver mines. The focus of the project is the re-development of the Los Frailes deposit which was developed in the mid-1990s. The historical open pit mineral resource as calculated by the previous operator of the mine was estimated to be 71 million tonnes grading 3.86% zinc, 2.18% lead, 0.34% copper and 60 ppm silver. Reports by the operation's mine department and a review of the diamond drilling data for the mine indicate the existence of a higher-grade portion of the resource that was estimated by the previous mine operator to contain 20 million tonnes grading 6.66% zinc, 3.87% lead, 0.20% copper and 84 ppm silver.

On February 23, 2015, the panel evaluating the bids for the Aznalcóllar Project on behalf of the Junta of Andalusia (the "Panel") recommended that the tender be granted to one of the Company's competitors in the bidding process. On February 26, 2015, the Head of the Mine Department of the Junta Andalusia confirmed that the tender process had been concluded and formally granted the tender to the Company's competitor, Minera Los Frailes SL ("Los Frailes").

Given the strength of its proposal, the Company initiated an appeal to the tender process on February 27, 2015 and was accepted by a Seville court judge on March 2, 2015.

The Company has been engaged in a lengthy litigation process relating to corruption and prevarication charges against officials of the outgoing Junta in Andalusia related to the public tender for the Aznalcóllar Project. In October 2019, five judges of the Appellate Court of Seville unanimously ruled in favour of Emerita's appeal of a lower court's decision to dismiss a criminal case against the Andalusian government panel responsible for awarding the Aznalcóllar Project and the former Director of Mines of the Government of Andalusia. The criminal case was re-opened, and the scope of criminal charges expanded. All testimony relating to this phase of the proceedings has now been completed.

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On July 9, 2021, the Company announced that the presiding judge of Court No. 3 of Seville, Judge Patricia Fernandez, had issued new indictments for the irregularities committed in the awarding of the Aznalcollar public tender, abiding by the mandate of the Superior Court's ruling (Please see the Company's June 24, 2021 press release). This was an important development in that this was the court that initially heard the charges and until then was not fully aligned with the Superior Court's (Provincial) rulings. Upon final review of the body of evidence, the presiding judge of Court No. 3 has reconsidered the Court's position relative to earlier rulings and has increased the number of people charged with crimes as well as added an additional serious charge. The Company is now awaiting the presiding judge's resolution of the case.

According to Spanish legal counsel, laws relating to public tenders in Spain stipulate that if there is commission of a crime in the awarding of a public tender, the bid shall be disqualified, and the tender awarded to the next qualified bidder. In the case of the Aznalcollar Project, Emerita is the only other qualified bidder. The exact timing of the legal process cannot be determined at this time and whether or not this process will result in the Company ultimately winning the rights to Aznalcollar project remains uncertain. Emerita remains committed to working with the community of Aznalcollar to develop the Project in an environmentally responsible manner to benefit all stakeholders.

With a successful acquisition, Emerita would commence work immediately upon receiving appropriate permits to carry out drilling on the property and complete an NI 43-101 compliant mineral resource estimate required for the completion of a feasibility study in support of development of a mining operation at the site. For a summary of the legal proceedings and summary of the Aznalcollar Project, please refer to the news releases of October 4 and October 29, 2019, May 4, 2020, and February 10, 2021.

On October 17, 2021 the Company announced that the Administrative Court of Andalucia (the "Administrative Court") had notified the Company that it would be making a ruling in the administrative case initiated by the Company in 2015. The application to the Administrative Court was filed by Emerita in 2015 because Emerita considered the awarding of the Aznalcollar project pursuant to the public tender process to be unfair, arbitrary and inconsistent with the well-defined rules and laws of the tender process and Spanish law.

The Company perceives the Administrative Court's notice as a very positive development as Emerita's external Spanish legal counsel ("Counsel") has advised the Company that the Administrative Court has the authority to make a determination to award the Aznalcollar project to Emerita.

This administrative process is separate from the ongoing criminal proceedings (see the Company's press release dated October 6, 2021) regarding the alleged crimes committed in the awarding of the Aznalcollar tender and this gives Emerita another path forward to obtaining the rights to the Aznalcollar project. The Administrative Superior Court of Andalucia agreed to the Company's request to withhold its resolution with respect to the Aznalcollar administrative case until the Criminal Court trial is resolved. This is viewed by the Company's external Spanish legal counsel as an important ruling as it ensures that the criminal process, where most of the evidence has been collected, will be sufficiently advanced so that the evidence of the criminal trial can be used in the administrative case (see the Company's press release dated May 2, 2022).

On November 25, 2022, the Company announced that the Third Section of the Provincial Court of Seville has set March 3, 2025 as the date for the criminal trial on the alleged crimes committed during the process of awarding the Aznalcollar tender. The trial is an oral hearing that is expected to be completed on July 15, 2025. It was a surprise to the Company that the court date was set so far in the future. The Company is consulting with its Spanish legal counsel to explore whether anything can be done to accelerate the process.

The Court has reserved up to 40 sessions including days in March, April, May, June and July 2025. The oral trial has been scheduled at 10:00 AM (local Seville time) on the following days:

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- 1) March 3 and 4, 2025 (pre-trial matters) and March 31, 2025.
- 2) On April 1, 2, 7, 8, 9, 21, 22 and 23, 2025.
- 3) On May 12, 13, 14, 19, 20, 21, 26, 27 and 28, 2025.
- 4) On June 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 16, 17, 18, 23, 24, 25 and 30, 2025.
- 5) On July 1, 2, 7, 8, 9, 14 and 15, 2025.

The 16 defendants face sentences totaling up to 348 years in prison for the alleged rigging of the Aznalcóllar mining tender, including accusations of influence peddling, fraud, embezzlement and bribery.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

As at December 31, 2022, the Company had working capital of \$16,116,276 (September 30, 2022 – \$20,138,706), which included a cash and equivalents balance of \$13,791,467 (September 30, 2022 - \$20,109,507), amounts receivable of \$2,471,864 (September 30, 2022 - \$1,562,650), marketable securities of \$55,064 (September 30, 2022 - \$74,730) and prepaid expenses and advances of \$433,939 (September 30, 2022 - \$232,198), offset by accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$636,058 (September 30, 2022 - \$1,840,379).

During the three months ended December 31, 2022, 3,278,636 of the Company's warrants were exercised, generating aggregate net proceeds of \$610,491. (Three months ended December 31, 2021 – 12,038,683 warrants and 650,000 stock options generating \$3,913,588).

**Results of Operations**

During the three months ended December 31, 2022, the Company recorded a loss of \$4,614,741, or \$0.02 per share, compared with a loss of \$2,123,210, or \$0.01 per share, during the three months ended December 31, 2021. The Company saw a significant increase in exploration activity over the comparative period related to its IBW Project.

Expenses incurred during the three months ended December 31, 2022 included \$384,361 in consulting and management fees; \$187,816 in shareholder communications, filing fees, and promotional expenses; \$63,817 in travel expenses related to the Company's exploration properties; \$31,907 in office expenses for office administration services; and \$22,500 in professional fees related to legal expenses and the preparation and audit of the Company's financial statements. During the three months ended December 31, 2022, project evaluation expenses of \$4,070,797 were incurred relating to the evaluation of mineral properties in Spain.

Expenses incurred during the three months ended December 31, 2021 included \$342,860 in consulting and management fees; \$112,288 in shareholders communications, filing fees, and promotional expenses; \$43,508 in travel expenses related to the Company's exploration properties; \$31,431 in office expenses for office administration services; and \$20,000 in professional fees related to the preparation and audit of the Company's financial statements. In addition, project evaluation expenses of \$1,525,161 were incurred, relating to the evaluation of mineral properties in Spain.

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**Cash flows**

Three months ended December 31, 2022

During the three months ended December 31, 2022, the Company used cash of \$6,902,488 on operating activities. Cash used in operating activities consisted primarily of project evaluation expenses incurred on the Company's properties in Spain, and corporate general and administrative expenses.

During the three months ended December 31, 2022, the Company used cash of \$26,043 on investing activities, related to reclamation deposits paid in connection with the Company's exploration properties.

During the three months ended December 31, 2022, financing activities generated \$610,491 from proceeds received from the exercise of some of the Company's outstanding warrants.

Three months ended December 31, 2021

During the three months ended December 31, 2021, the Company used cash of \$2,856,001 on operating activities. Cash used in operating activities consisted primarily of new project evaluation expenses incurred on the Company's properties in Spain, and corporate general and administrative expenses.

During the three months ended December 31, 2021, the Company used cash of \$166,486 on investing activities, related to reclamation deposits paid in connection with the Company's exploration properties and investments in property, plant and equipment.

During the three months ended December 31, 2021, financing activities generated \$3,913,588 consisting of proceeds from the exercise of some of the Company's outstanding options and warrants.

**Select Annual Information**

Select annual financial information for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 is presented in the table below:

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Loss and comprehensive loss	(20,705,766)	(17,231,030)	(1,236,298)
Loss per share, basic	(0.11)	(0.13)	(0.02)
Total assets	22,620,023	27,418,795	1,105,001
Working capital ('000s)	20,139	26,113	(491)

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**Select Quarterly Information**

Select quarterly financial information for the most recent eight quarters is presented in the table below:

Period	Revenue (1) \$	Operating costs \$	Gain/(loss) \$	Gain/(loss) per share \$	Total assets \$
Q1- December 2022	-	(4,761,198)	(4,614,741)	(0.02)	17,411,452
Q4- September 2022	-	5,712,669	(5,313,399)	(0.03)	22,620,023
Q3- June 2022	-	2,721,532	(3,003,255)	(0.02)	25,646,247
Q2- March 2022	-	10,467,003	(10,265,902)	(0.05)	28,544,775
Q1- December 2021	-	2,075,248	(2,123,210)	(0.01)	28,805,215
Q4-September 2021	-	13,749,202	(13,775,717)	(0.10)	27,418,795
Q3- June 2021	-	1,386,795	(1,224,908)	(0.01)	8,526,237
Q2- March 2021	-	1,586,273	(1,568,270)	(0.01)	6,625,759

Explanatory Notes:

- 1) The Company has no sales revenues.

**Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments recorded at fair value on the statement of financial position are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- a) Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- b) Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly; and
- c) Level 3 - Inputs for assets and liabilities that are not based on observable market data.

The fair value hierarchy requires the use of observable market inputs whenever such inputs exist. A financial instrument is classified to the lowest level of the hierarchy for which a significant input has been considered in measuring fair value.

The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, marketable securities, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The carrying values of these financial instruments reported in the statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values due to the relatively short-term nature of these instruments. As at December 31, 2022, the Company's financial instruments that are carried at fair value, being cash equivalents and marketable securities, are classified as Level 2 and Level 1, respectively, within the fair value hierarchy.

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

(a) *Credit risk*

Counterparty credit risk is the risk that the financial benefits of contracts with a specific counterparty will be lost if a counterparty defaults on its obligations under the contract. This includes any cash amounts owed to the Company by those counterparties, less any amounts owed to the counterparty by the Company where a legal right of set-off exists and also includes the fair values of contracts with individual counterparties which are recorded in the financial statements.

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a. *Trade credit risk*

As at December 31, 2022, the Company has recorded \$2,275,610 in sales tax receivable from the Canadian and Spanish tax authorities (September 30, 2022: \$1,341,724). Any potential reassessment subsequent to the financial statement reporting date could have a material effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

b. *Cash and cash equivalents*

In order to manage credit and liquidity risk, the Company's policy is to invest only in highly rated, investment grade instruments. Limits are also established based on the type of investment, the counterparty and the credit rating.

(b) *Currency risk*

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of, or future cash flows from, the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's foreign currency risk arises primarily with respect to the Euro from its property interests in Spain, and US dollars from operations. Fluctuations in the exchange rates between these currencies and the Canadian dollar could have a material effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. The Company does not engage in any hedging activity to mitigate this risk.

As at December 31 and September 30, 2022, the Company had the following financial instruments denominated in foreign currency (expressed in Canadian dollars):

<b>December 31, 2022</b>				
	<b>Euro</b>		<b>US dollars</b>	
Cash	\$	2,140,145	\$	547
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(447,896)		(30,862)
	\$	1,692,249	\$	(30,315)

<b>September 30, 2022</b>				
	<b>Euro</b>		<b>US dollars</b>	
Cash	\$	2,924,145	\$	6,660
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(1,639,132)		(16,011)
	\$	1,285,013	\$	(9,351)

A 10% strengthening (weakening) of the Canadian dollar against the Euro would decrease (increase) net loss by approximately \$169,200 (September 30, 2022 – \$128,500).

A 10% strengthening (weakening) of the Canadian dollar against the US dollar would decrease (increase) net loss by approximately \$(3,000) (September 30, 2022 - \$(900)).

(c) *Liquidity risk*

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. At December 31, 2022, the Company had a cash and cash equivalents balance of \$13,791,467 (September 30, 2022 - \$20,109,507) to settle current liabilities of \$636,058 (September 30, 2022 - \$1,840,379). The Company's trade payables have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms.

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*d) Commodity / Equity price risk*

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices, as they relate to gold, individual equity movements and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company. Commodity price risk is remote as the Company is not a producing entity.

*e) Commodity / Equity price risk*

The Company is exposed to market risk in trading its investments and unfavourable market conditions could result in dispositions of investments at less than favourable prices.

**Critical Accounting Policies**

The Company's significant accounting policies are described in Note 3 to the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022. The preparation of statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. The following is a list of the accounting policies that management believes are critical, due to the degree of uncertainty regarding the estimates and assumptions involved and the magnitude of the asset, liability or expense being reported:

- Foreign currencies
- Exploration and evaluation properties

**Foreign currencies**

The Foreign currency translation presentation and functional currency of the Company and its subsidiary is the Canadian dollar.

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each financial position reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date of the statement of financial position. Exchange differences are recognized in operations in the period in which they arise.

The Company makes expenditures and incurs costs in Euros ("EUR"), and United States Dollars ("US\$"). At September 30, 2022, one Canadian dollar was worth US\$0.7383 (September 30, 2022– US\$0.7296); and EUR 0.6917 (September 30, 2022 – EUR 0.7472). During the three months ended December 31, 2022, the average value of one Canadian dollar was US\$0.7364 (December 31, 2021 – US\$0.7937); and EUR 0.7213 (December 31, 2021 – EUR 0.6940).

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Project evaluation expenses

	<b>For the three months ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
Land management fees, taxes and permits	\$ 5,072	\$ 8,205
Labour	528,329	238,037
Drilling and geophysics	2,813,940	493,594
Travel, meals and accomodations	-	32,354
Legal fees	101,189	309,370
Project overhead costs	622,267	443,601
<b>Total project evaluation expenses</b>	<b>\$ 4,070,797</b>	<b>\$ 1,525,161</b>

**Commitments and Contingencies**

The Company's exploration activities are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and generally becoming more restrictive. The Company believes its operations are materially in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. The Company expects to make expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations.

The Company is party to certain management contracts. These contracts contain minimum commitments of approximately \$530,500 (2021 - \$592,000) and additional contingent payments of up to approximately \$1,890,000 (2021 - \$2,130,000). As a triggering event has not taken place, the contingent payments have not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

Certain officers of the Company will receive aggregate bonus payments totaling \$400,000 upon the award of the Aznalcóllar Project in Spain and the completion of a subsequent financing. As a triggering event has not yet taken place, these contingent payments have not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company is subject to various claims, lawsuits and other complaints arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company records provisions for losses when claims become probable, and the amounts are estimable. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be determined, it is the opinion of management that the final resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, operations or liquidity.

**Transactions with Related Parties**

As at December 31, 2022, an amount of \$16,458, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities, was owed to directors and officers of the Company (September 30, 2022 - \$14,432). The amounts outstanding on fees are unsecured, non-interest bearing, with no fixed terms of repayment.

As at December 31, 2022, an amount of \$85,184, included in amounts receivable, was owed to Western (September 30, 2022: \$78,851). The Company has common directors and officers with Western.

As at December 31, 2022, an amount of \$111,069, included in amounts receivable, was owed to the Company by directors and officers of the Company (September 30, 2022: \$134,864). The amounts outstanding are unsecured, non-interest bearing, with no fixed terms of repayment.

On April 20, 2020, the Company signed a binding letter agreement with Western, pursuant to which Western would earn a 55% interest in the Sierra Alta project. A director and officer of Western is also a director and officer of the Company.

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*Compensation of key management personnel of the Company*

In accordance with IAS 24, key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly, including any directors (executive and non-executive) of the Company. During the three months ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the remuneration of directors and other key management personnel are as follows:

	Three months ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
Management fees	\$ 256,748	\$ 253,303

**Risk Factors**

Mining exploration inherently contains a high degree of risk and uncertainty, which even a combination of careful evaluation, experience and knowledge may not eliminate. The following are certain factors relating to the business of the Company, which investors should carefully consider when making an investment decision concerning the Company's shares. These risks and uncertainties are not the only ones facing the Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known that the Company currently deems immaterial, may also impair the operations of the Company. If any such risks occur, the financial condition, liquidity and results of operations of the Company could be materially adversely affected and the ability of the Company to implement its growth plans could be adversely affected. An investment in the Company is speculative. An investment in the Company will be subject to certain material risks and investors should not invest in securities of the Company unless they can afford to lose their entire investment. The following is a description of certain risks and uncertainties that may affect the Company.

***Exploration and Mining Risks***

The Company is engaged in mineral exploration and development activities. Mineral exploration and development involves a high degree of risk and few properties, which are explored and ultimately developed into producing mines. The long-term profitability of the Company's operations will be in part directly related to the cost and success of the Company's exploration programs, which may be affected by a number of factors beyond the Company's control. Mineral exploration involves many risks, which even a combination of experience, knowledge and careful evaluation may not be able to overcome. Operations in which the Company has a direct or indirect interest will be subject to all the hazards and risks normally incidental to exploration, development and production of mineral resources, any of which could result in work stoppages, damage to property, and possible environmental damage. Hazards such as unusual or unexpected formations and other conditions such as formation pressures, fire, power outages, labour disruptions, flooding, explosions, cave-ins, landslides and the inability to obtain suitable machinery, equipment or labour are involved in mineral exploration, development and operation. The Company may become subject to liability for pollution, cave-ins or hazards against which it cannot insure or against which it may elect not to insure. The payment of such liabilities may have a material, adverse effect on the Company's financial position. The Company relies upon consultants and others for exploration and development expertise. Substantial expenditures are required to establish ore reserves through drilling, to develop metallurgical processes to extract the metal from the ore and, in the case of new properties, to develop the mining and processing facilities and infrastructure at any site chosen for mining.

Although substantial benefits may be derived from the discovery of a major mineralized deposit, no assurance can be given that minerals will be discovered in sufficient quantities to justify commercial operations or that funds required for development can be obtained on a timely basis. The economics of developing mineral properties is affected by many factors including the cost of operations, variations in the grade of ore mined, fluctuations in metal markets, allowable production, importing and exporting of minerals and environmental protection.

### ***Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19")***

The Company's operations could be significantly adversely affected by the effects of a widespread global outbreak of a contagious disease, including the recent outbreak of respiratory illness caused by COVID-19. The Company cannot accurately predict the impact COVID-19 will have on its operations and the ability of others to meet their obligations with the Company, including uncertainties relating to the ultimate geographic spread of the virus, the severity of the disease, the duration of the outbreak, and the length of travel and quarantine restrictions imposed by governments of affected countries. In addition, a significant outbreak of contagious diseases in the human population could result in a widespread health crisis that could adversely affect the economies and financial markets of many countries, resulting in an economic downturn that could further affect the Company's operations and ability to finance its operations.

### ***Substantial Capital Requirements and Liquidity***

Substantial additional funds for the establishment of the Company's current and planned operations will be required. No assurances can be given that the Company will be able to raise the additional funding that may be required for such activities, should such funding not be fully generated from operations. Mineral prices, environmental rehabilitation or restitution, current financial conditions, revenues, taxes, capital expenditures, operating expenses and geological results are all factors which will have an impact on the amount of additional capital that may be required. To meet such funding requirements, the Company may be required to undertake additional equity financing, which would be dilutive to shareholders. Debt financing, if available, may also involve restrictions on financing and operating activities. There is no assurance that additional financing will be available on terms acceptable to the Company or at all. If the Company is unable to obtain additional financing as needed, it may be required to reduce the scope of its operations and pursue only those projects that can be funded through cash flows generated from its existing operations, if any.

### ***Financing Risks and Dilution to Shareholders***

The Company will have limited financial resources, no operations and no revenues. Even if the Company's exploration program on one or more of the properties is successful, additional funds will be required for the purposes of further exploration and development. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that such financing will be available on favourable terms or at all. It is likely such additional capital will be raised through the issuance of additional equity which would result in dilution to the Company's shareholders.

### ***Stage of Development***

The Company is in the business of exploring for mineral exploration, with the ultimate goal of producing mineral resources from its properties. None of the Company's properties have commenced commercial production and it has no history of earnings or cash flow from its operations. As a result of the foregoing, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to develop any of its properties profitably or that its activities will generate positive cash flow. The Company's operating expenses and capital expenditures may increase in subsequent years in relation to the engagement of consultants and personnel, and the purchase of equipment associated with advancing exploration, development and commercial production of the Company's properties. The Company expects to continue to incur losses for the foreseeable future. There can be no assurance that the Company will generate any revenues or achieve profitability. A prospective investor in the Company must be prepared to rely solely upon the ability, expertise, judgment, discretion, integrity and good faith of management in all aspects of the development and implementation of the Company's business activities.

### ***No Mineral Resources or Mineral Reserves***

Resource exploration is a speculative business, characterized by a number of significant risks including, among other things, unprofitable efforts resulting not only from the failure to discover mineral deposits but also from finding mineral deposits that, though present, are insufficient in quantity and quality to return a profit from production. The marketability of minerals acquired or discovered by the Company may be affected by numerous factors which are beyond the control of the Company and which cannot be accurately predicted, such as market fluctuations, the proximity and capacity of milling facilities, mineral markets and processing equipment, and such other factors as government regulations, including regulations relating to royalties, allowable production, importing and exporting of minerals, and environmental protection, the combination of which factors may result in the Company not receiving an adequate return of investment capital.

The Company's properties are in the exploration stage only and, to date, no mineral resources or mineral reserves have been identified. Development of the Company's properties will follow only if favourable exploration results are obtained. The business of exploration for minerals and mining involves a high degree of risk. Few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. There is no assurance that any mineral resources or mineral reserves will be identified or developed. The long-term profitability of the Company's operations will in part be directly related to the costs and success of its exploration programs, which may be affected by a number of factors.

Substantial expenditures are required to establish mineral resources and mineral reserves and to develop the mining and processing facilities and infrastructure at any site chosen for mining. Although substantial benefits may be derived from the discovery of a major mineralized deposit, no assurance can be given that minerals will be discovered in sufficient quantities to justify commercial operations or that funds required for development can be obtained on a timely basis.

### ***Fluctuating Mineral Prices***

The economics of mineral exploration are affected by many factors beyond the Company's control, including commodity prices, the cost of operations, variations in the grade of minerals explored and fluctuations in the market price of minerals. Depending on the price of minerals, the Company may determine that it is impractical to continue a mineral exploration operation.

Mineral prices are prone to fluctuations and the marketability of minerals is affected by government regulation relating to price, royalties, allowable production and the importing and exporting of minerals, the effect of which cannot be accurately predicted. There is no assurance that a profitable market will exist for the sale of any minerals that may be found on the Properties.

### ***Regulatory, Permit and License Requirements***

The current or future operations of the Company require permits from various governmental authorities, and such operations are and will be governed by laws and regulations that may concern, among other things, exploration, development, production, taxes, labour standards, occupational health, waste disposal, toxic substances, land use, environmental protection, site safety and other matters. Companies engaged in the exploration and development of mineral properties generally experience increased costs and delays in development and other schedules because of the need to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permits. There can be no assurance that all permits which the Company may require for facilities and the conduct of exploration and development operations on its properties will be obtainable on reasonable terms, or that such laws and regulations will not have an adverse effect on any exploration or development project which the Company might undertake.

Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be

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curtailed and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment or remedial actions. Parties engaged in exploration and development operations may be required to compensate those suffering loss or damage by reason of the exploration and development activities and may have civil or criminal fines or penalties imposed upon them for violation of applicable laws or regulations. Amendments to current laws, regulations and permits governing operations and activities of mineral companies, or more stringent implementation thereof, could have a material adverse impact on the Company and cause increases in capital expenditures or exploration and development costs, or require abandonment or delays in the development of new or existing properties.

With respect to the Aznalcóllar tender appeal process, there can be no certainty with respect to further developments of the appeal or the results of any recourse initiated by the applicable governmental entities in Spain with respect to the tender processes. In addition, there can be no certainty with respect to the timing regarding any potential resolution of the tender review process, the ability of the Company to be successful with its appeal or the potential for the Company to be awarded the project.

***Title to Properties***

Acquisition of title to mineral properties is a very detailed and time-consuming process. Title to, and the area of, mineral properties may be disputed. The Company cannot give an assurance that title to some or all the Company's interest in its properties will not be challenged or impugned. Mineral properties sometimes contain claims or transfer histories that examiners cannot verify. A successful claim that the Company does not have the interest it understands it has in its properties could cause the Company to lose any rights to explore, develop and mine any minerals on such properties without compensation for its prior expenditures relating thereto.

***Competition***

The mineral exploration and development industry is highly competitive. The Company will have to compete with other companies, many of which have greater financial, technical and other resources than the Company, for, among other things, the acquisition of minerals claims, leases and other mineral interests, as well as for the recruitment and retention of qualified employees and other personnel. Failure to compete successfully against other companies could have a material adverse effect on the Company and its prospects.

***Reliance on Management and Dependence on Key Personnel***

The success of the Company will be largely dependent upon the performance of its directors and officers and the ability to attract and retain key personnel. The loss of the services of these persons may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and prospects. The Company will compete with numerous other companies for the recruitment and retention of qualified employees and contractors. There is no assurance that the Company can maintain the service of its directors and officers, or other qualified personnel required to operate its business. Failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on the Company and its prospects.

***Environmental Risks***

The Company's exploration and appraisal programs will, in general, be subject to approval by regulatory bodies. Additionally, all phases of the exploration, development and mining business present environmental risks and hazards and are subject to environmental regulation pursuant to a variety of international conventions and national and local laws and regulations. Environmental legislation provides for, among other things, restrictions and prohibitions on spills, releases or emissions of various substances produced in association with exploration, development and mining operations. The legislation also requires that wells and facility sites be operated, maintained, abandoned and reclaimed to the satisfaction of applicable regulatory authorities. Compliance with such legislation can require significant expenditures and a breach

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may result in the imposition of fines and penalties, some of which may be material. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner expected to result in stricter standards and enforcement, larger fines and liability and potentially increased capital expenditures and operating costs.

***Local Resident Concerns***

Apart from ordinary environmental issues, the exploration, development and mining of the Company's properties could be subject to resistance from local residents that could either prevent or delay exploration and development of the properties.

***Conflicts of Interest***

Certain of the directors and officers of the Company will be engaged in, and will continue to engage in, other business activities on their own behalf and on behalf of other companies (including mineral resource companies) and, as a result of these and other activities, such directors and officers may become subject to conflicts of interest. The *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario) ("OBCA") provides that in the event that a director has a material interest in a contract or proposed contract or agreement that is material to a Company, the director shall disclose his interest in such contract or agreement and shall refrain from voting on any matter in respect of such contract or agreement, subject to and in accordance with the OBCA. To the extent that conflicts of interest arise, such conflicts will be resolved in accordance with the provisions of the OBCA.

***Foreign Operations***

The Company's properties are located in Spain. As such, the Company's proposed activities with respect to its properties will be subject to governmental, political, economic and other uncertainties, including but not limited to expropriation of property without fair compensation, repatriation of earnings, nationalization, currency fluctuations and devaluations, exchange controls and increases in government fees, renegotiation or nullification of existing concessions and contracts, changes in taxation policies, economic sanctions and the other risks arising out of foreign governmental sovereignty over the areas in which the Company's operations will be conducted, as well as risks including loss due to civil strife, acts of war, insurrections and the actions of national labour unions. Future government actions concerning the economy, taxation, or the operation and regulation of nationally important facilities such as mines, could have a significant effect on the Company. No assurances can be given that the Company's plans and operations will not be adversely affected by future developments in Spain. Any changes in regulations or shifts in political attitudes will be beyond the Company's control and may adversely affect the Company's business.

***Current Global Financial Conditions***

Financial markets have been subject to increased volatility and numerous financial institutions have either gone into bankruptcy or have had to be rescued by governmental authorities. Government debt and deficits are at an all-time high. Access to financing has been negatively impacted by liquidity crises and the state of government finances throughout the world. If these increased levels of volatility and market turmoil continue, the Company may not be able to secure appropriate debt or equity financing, and any of which could affect the trading price of the Company's securities in an adverse manner.

***Uninsurable Risks***

Exploration, development and production operations on mineral properties involve numerous risks, including unexpected or unusual geological operating conditions, rock bursts, cave-ins, fires, floods, earthquakes and other environmental occurrences, any of which could result in damage to, or destruction of, equipment and mines, damage to life or property, environmental damage and possible legal liability. Although precautions to minimize risk will be taken, operations are subject to hazards that may result in environmental pollution and consequent liability that could have a material adverse impact on the business,

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operations and financial performance of the Company. It is not always possible to obtain insurance against all such risks and the Company may decide not to insure against certain risks as a result of high premiums or other reasons. Should such liabilities arise, they could have an adverse impact on the Company's results of operations and financial condition and could cause a decline in the value of the Company securities.

***Litigation***

Legal proceedings may arise from time to time in the course of the Company's business. Defense and settlement costs of legal claims can be substantial, even with respect to claims that have no merit. The process of defending such claims could take away from management time and effort and the resolution of any particular legal proceeding, to which the Company or one or more of its subsidiaries may become subject could have a material effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

***Foreign Mining Tax Regimes***

Mining tax regimes in foreign jurisdictions are subject to differing interpretations and are subject to constant change. The Company's interpretation of taxation law as applied to its transactions and activities may not coincide with that of the tax authorities. As a result, transactions may be challenged by tax authorities and the Company's operations may be assessed, which could result in significant additional taxes, penalties and interest. In addition, future changes to mining tax regimes in foreign jurisdictions could result in significant additional taxes payable by the Company, which would have a negative impact on the financial results of the Company.

**Outstanding Share Data**

As at the date of this MD&A, the Company has:

- 1) 207,320,968 common shares outstanding;
- 2) 8,803,100 warrants outstanding, with expiring July 15, 2023. If all of the warrants were exercised, 8,803,100 shares would be issued for gross proceeds of \$12,822,270.
- 3) 18,845,000 stock options outstanding with expiry dates ranging between November 7, 2024 and April 14, 2027. If all of the options are exercised, 18,845,000 shares would be issued for gross proceeds of \$25,123,250.

## **CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION**

This MD&A contains forward-looking information under Canadian securities legislation. Forward-looking information includes, but is not limited to, dispositions and strategy, development potential and timetable of the Company's exploration properties; the Company's ability to raise required funds; future mineral prices; mineralization projections; conclusions of economic evaluation; the timing and amount of estimated future exploration and development; costs of development; capital expenditures; success of exploration activities; mining or processing issues; currency exchange rates; government regulation of mining operations; and environmental risks. Generally, forward-looking information can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates" or "does not anticipate", or "believes", or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will be taken", "occur" or "be achieved". Forward-looking information is based on the opinions and estimates of management as of the date such statements are made. Estimates regarding the anticipated timing, amount and cost of exploration are based on previous industry experience and regional political and economic stability. Capital and operating cost estimates are based on extensive research of the Company, recent estimates of costs and other factors that are set out herein. Forward-looking information is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information, including but not limited to risks related to: unexpected events and delays during exploration and development; acquisition risks; regulatory risks; revocation of government approvals; timing and availability of external financing on acceptable terms; actual results of current exploration activities; changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined; future prices of minerals; accidents, labour disputes and other risks of the mining industry. Although management of the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information. The Company does not undertake to update its forward-looking information, except in accordance with applicable securities laws.